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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/661,827	09/12/2003	Andreas Hartlep	SCHWP0177USA	7728
	7590 09/04/200 CO, BOISSELLE & SK	EXAMINER		
Nineteenth Floo	or	CHAO, ELMER M		
1621 Euclid Av Cleveland, OH			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
,			3737	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/04/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	•			
Office Action Summary		10/661,827	HARTLEP ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Elmer Chao	3737				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICATION OF THE MAILING DISTRICT OF THE MAILIN	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO e, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed  DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1) 🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 F	ebruary 2007.					
	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3)[	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-16 and 18-21</u> is/are pending in the	application.					
,,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra						
5)[	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-16 and 18-21 is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on 12 September 2003 is/	are: a) ☐ accepted or b	⊠ objected to by the Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
-	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received.		•			
	2. Certified copies of the priority document						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		en received in this National Stage				
* /	application from the International Burea		at an a short				
* `	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies no	ot received.				
Attachmen							
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date				
3) Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date		f Informal Patent Application				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Acknowledgement is made of the amendment filed 2/22/2007.

### Response to Amendment

2. The amendment filed 2/22/2007 is objected to under 35 U.S.C. 132(a) because it introduces new matter into the disclosure. 35 U.S.C. 132(a) states that no amendment shall introduce new matter into the disclosure of the invention. The added material which is not supported by the original disclosure is as follows: Claims 1 and 18 recite: "before infusion of a fluid into the tissue". This limitation is not directly supported by the original disclosure. Applicant is required to cancel the new matter in the reply to this Office Action.

### Response to Arguments

- 3. Applicant's arguments filed 2/22/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 4. Regarding Applicants' arguments with respect to the 35 U.S.C 102 and 103 rejections of claims 1, 18, and all dependent claims therefrom, Examiner asserts that Kucharczyk '316 would still meet the limitation of "before infusion of a fluid into the tissue". Specifically, Applicants are directed to Kucharczyk '316, claim 8. The fact that Kucharczyk '316 teach in one embodiment that the material delivery device is relocated to improve delivery of material to a desired location would satisfy the instant application's limitation of "capturing via an imaging system function anatomical data

and/or structural anatomical data before infusion of a fluid into the tissue". The infusion of "a fluid into the tissue" under the Kucharczyk '316 reference would refer to the fluid that is delivered after the relocation of the material delivery device. Furthermore, the newly added limitation is not absolutely supported by the original disclosure (see above section Response to Amendment).

#### **Drawings**

5. The informal drawings are not of sufficient quality to permit examination.

Accordingly, replacement drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to this Office action. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action.

Applicant is given a TWO MONTH time period to submit new drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.81. Extensions of time may be obtained under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). Failure to timely submit replacement drawing sheets will result in ABANDONMENT of the application.

New corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in this application because Figure 1 contains hand-written numerals and text. Applicant is advised to employ the services of a competent patent draftsperson outside the Office, as the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office no longer prepares new drawings. The

corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The requirement for corrected drawings will not be held in abeyance.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

6. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

7. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. A "computer program" does not fall within any of the four types of patent eligible subject matter (process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter). Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 9. Claims 1-12, 16, and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kucharczyk et al. (U.S. 6,026,316).

Regarding **claims 1, 16**, **and 21**, Kucharczyk '316 discloses a method for identifying advantageous and non-advantageous infusion regions in a tissue (Fig 7, 4<sup>th</sup> box down), said method comprising: capturing via an imaging system structural

anatomical data before infusion of a fluid into the tissue (Fig 7); evaluating the captured structural anatomical data with computer assistance (the methods of Fig 7 inherently require computer assistance); and based on the evaluating step, identifying direction channels within the tissue and determining infusion distribution information related to the identified directional channels, the identified direction channels and/or infusion distribution information being indicative of advantageous and/or non-advantageous infusion regions; presenting identified advantageous and/or non-advantageous infusion regions for viewing by a user; and identifying transport pathways based on the diffusion measurements (Fig 7, 4<sup>th</sup> and 5<sup>th</sup> boxes down, the MRI images would identify all of the diffusion details).

Examiner asserts that Kucharczyk '316 would meet the limitation of "before infusion of a fluid into the tissue". Specifically, Applicants are directed to Kucharczyk '316, claim 8. The fact that Kucharczyk '316 teach in one embodiment that the material delivery device is relocated to improve delivery of material to a desired location would satisfy the instant application's limitation of "capturing via an imaging system function anatomical data and/or structural anatomical data before infusion of a fluid into the tissue". The infusion of "a fluid into the tissue" under the Kucharczyk '316 reference would refer to the fluid that is delivered after the relocation of the material delivery device.

Regarding **claim 2**, Kucharczyk '316 discloses the method as set forth in claim 1, wherein evaluating the captured structural anatomical data includes simulating a distribution of an infusion at a plurality of regions in the tissue (Fig 7, last box, "Repeat

drug delivery as necessary"; also claim 8, "...delivery device relocated to improve delivery of material to desired location," which is equivalent to simulating the delivery distribution in a plurality of regions).

Regarding **claim 3**, Kucharczyk '316 discloses the method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the determined infusion distribution information includes direction information and velocity information relating to infusion regions in the tissue (C8, L61-65, "...distribution kinetics..."; C9, L56-60, "...spatial (direction) distribution kinetics..."; C7, L7-10); Fig 11, graph shows different areas and the relative speeds of diffusion in the areas).

Regarding **claims 4, 10, and 11**, Kucharczyk '316 discloses the method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the structural anatomical data is evaluated two-dimensionally with respect to the distribution information which it contains, and wherein a number of two-dimensional data sets on the functional or structural anatomical data are combined to obtain three-dimensional information (C22, L63-65; "...echo weighted scans...nominal voxel.").

Regarding **claims 5 and 12**, Kucharczyk '316 discloses the method as set forth in claim 1, wherein the structural anatomical data is captured and evaluated three-dimensionally with respect to the distribution information which it contains (Fig 7, 2<sup>nd</sup> box down; C23, L45-46).

Regarding **claim 6**, Kucharczyk '316 discloses the method as set forth in claim 1, further comprising: evaluating the structural anatomical data over a period of time with respect to the distribution information; And making adjustments in the distribution

information, said adjustments being responsive to structural conditions which have changed over the period of time (Fig 7, boxes 5-7 down from the top).

Regarding **claims 7 and 8**, Kucharczyk '316 discloses the method as set forth in claim 3, further comprising: identifying regions of rapid diffusion (Fig 10, "...along fibers, rapid transport"), determining isotropy and anisotropy of flow directions in the regions in the tissue (Fig 10, "...anisotropic...isotropic..."; C23, L41-50).

Regarding **claim 9**, Kucharczyk '316 discloses the method as set forth in claim 1, further comprising: calculating a distribution volume for an infusion fluid from the functional or structural anatomical data (C7, L6-11, "...signal intensity within MR images ... are indicative of ... delivery volumes.").

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claims 13-15, 18, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kucharczyk '316, in view of Gillies et al. (U.S. 6,272,370).

Regarding **claims 13, 14, 18, and 19**, Kucharczyk '316 discloses all of the above limitations. Kucharczyk '316 does not disclose the infusion at the selected point being planned using stereotactic planning and navigation. However, Gillies '370 teaches the use of stereotactics in combination with magnetic resonance imaging in the planning

and navigation for drug delivery (abstract). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kucharczyk '316 to use Gillies' '317 method to perform the infusion after the infusion site has been selected. Such a modification would produce a method of drug delivery that is more accurate and less damaging to other areas around the target area (C10, L1-9).

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Regarding **claim 15**, Kucharczyk '316 uses the acquired anatomical tissue data (Fig 7, 2<sup>nd</sup> box down) combined with distribution information (Fig 7, 4<sup>th</sup> box down) for planning the navigation (claim 8; Fig 7, last box down).

12. Claims 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kucharczyk '316, in view of Gillies '370, and further in view of Strommer et al. (U.S. 6,233,476 B1). Kucharczyk '316 and Gillies '370 disclose all of the above limitations. Kucharczyk '316 and Gillies '370 do not explicitly disclose the imaging device, processor, and the medical planning and navigation system being connected together. However, Strommer '476 teaches a medical positioning system in which the processor, imager, and navigation system are all connected together (C4, L46-55). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Kucharczyk's '316 and Gillies' '317 apparatus wherein the imaging device, the processor, and the medical planning and navigation system are connected to each other. Such a modification would allow for the location of the catheter or infusion device to be located and superimposed on the image obtained from the imager (C4, L46-55). Kucharczyk '316 does imply the necessity of the processor, imager, and navigation system to all be connected together because of the method of

"superimposing drug delivery map on anatomic map of target tissue..." (Fig 7, 8<sup>th</sup> box down).

#### Conclusion

. 13. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elmer Chao whose telephone number is (571)272-0674. The examiner can normally be reached on 9am-4pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on (571)272-4956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

EC 8/24/2007

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TECHNOLOGY PATENT SYMMER